



भारत सरकार
GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
राष्ट्रीय महिला आयोग
NATIONAL COMMISSION FOR WOMEN
4, दीन दयाल उपाध्याय मार्ग
4, DEEN DAYAL UPADHYAYA MARG
नई दिल्ली–110 002
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9th January, 2014

To

The Chief Secretary Govt. of Uttar Pradesh Bapu Bhawan, Secretariat, Lucknow, UP

Sub-Recommendations of the Inquiry Committee visit to Muzaffarnagar

Sir.

I am directed to state that the National Commission for Women (NCW) has taken suo motu cognizance and constituted an Inquiry Committee under Section 8(1), read with Section 10(1) and (4) of the NCW Act, 1990 to inquire into the situation of women and children in the riot affected areas in Muzaffarnagar, U.P.

After looking into the facts and circumstances of the present case, the Commission strongly recommends the following:-

- U.P. Government's decisions to form a Special Investigation Cell (SIC) to probe the
  riots of Muzaffarnagar and adjoining districts headed by S.P. rank Officer who would
  report to I.G. Meerut zone is not sufficient, S.I.T. should be formed comprising senior
  officer of Govt. Of India to probe into the matter and come out with a report within
  stipulated time period.
- Strictest punishments for riot perpetrators would send a positive message and would somehow heal the wounds of the victims of the riots.
- The onus lies on the State Govt, to convince over forty thousand Muslims who have got displaced to return to their respective villages.

- The era of "Jaat Muslim Unity" has to be brought back to defuse the said communal disharmony which ONLY would ensure the situation of women victims to improve.
- 5. The complex web of inter-dependence between Jaats and Muslims that has crumbled has left the women vulnerable to all sorts of miseries. The economy of the region is inter-dependent. The Jaat farmers need Muslim labourers for fields, and vice-versa. Women and children are worst hit when brushed with financial crisis. Immediate steps should be taken to provide economic stability to the families.
- 6. Winters are approaching, 40,000 Muslims (approx. 18,000 women) living in camps, at homes of relatives, in private farms of well-wishers, at police stations need a permanent house for shelter. The Government should make serious efforts of reconstruction of houses at the respective places, because building separate "Hindu Villages" and "Muslim Villages" is totally against the ethos of our secular country and it's Constitution.
- Monetary compensation alone for the displaced would not suffice. Rehabilitation
  with jobs to family members of the dead and engaging women in self help groups
  would help in building financial independence and confidence.
- 8. There will be no peace until the balance of power is sorted out. Hence, peace committees and harmonising committees should be formed at the Panchayat level which should work towards harmonising both parties. Women belonging to both religions, the Panchayat head, representative of local administration, social activists and local leaders should be a component of the said committees.
- 9. Health of women who are mothers, widows, sisters and daughters of the deceased and affected men is of grave concern. Absence of gynaecologists in every camp is in fact a negligence of the State Government. Gynaecologists should be available 24x7 in all relief camps to ensure that the women are well provided for, medically.
- 10. Proper nutrition is the basic right of a pregnant and a nursing mother. The absence of special diet in the camps needs to be addressed urgently.

11. Girls going to schools and colleges have stopped doing so. It is the responsibility of

the State to ensure that each girl residing in the village gets ample security so that her

education is not hampered. The local police should escort these girls (travelling in

public/school/college transport) till the situation is normalised.

The children/girls residing in make shift camps should not be deprived of education.

Anganwaadi workers and Government teachers should take classes in these camps

for the time being.

13. The trauma of the riots and displacement has hit the women and girls hard,

irrespective of caste, colour, creed or religion. These under nourished and struggling

women need continuous psychological counselling along with rehabilitation. A fair

number of psychologists should be engaged to help these emotionally and physically

traumatised women.

14. The State should focus on harmonising the situation and pledge to prioritise the

rehabilitation of the displaced to return to their respective homes and normalcy.

15. The pending" Prevention of Communal and Targeted Violence Bill" should be

introduced and passed in Parliament to enable law enforcement agencies in dealing

with communal clashes and the people behind such flare-ups.

I am directed to communicate that the State Government is requested to take

appropriate action in the matter and intimate the Commission about action taken

expeditiously.

Yours sincerely,

(S.K. Gupta)

Under Secretary